

The Ada Evening News

VOLUME XV. NUMBER 136

ADA, OKLAHOMA, MONDAY, AUGUST 19, 1918.

TWO CENTS THE COPY



ADVANCE SHOWING

New Fall Dresses

Many clever styles in Silks, Serges, Wool Jersey and Trickolet. Colors of black, navy, new taupe, plum and beaver.

Prices \$15 to \$75

STEVENS-WILSON CO.

MARRIED MEN NOT ALL EXEMPT

FRENCH GAINS IMPORTANT

BAKER SAYS NEW DRAFT BILL
WILL NOT MAKE GENERAL
EXEMPTION.

IF DRIVEN HOME ATTACK MAY
MEAN WIDE RETREAT OF
GERMANS.

(By the Associated Press)

Washington, August 19.—No general exemption of married men simply because of the married state is contemplated by the war department in preparing for the proposed extension of draft ages, Secretary Baker declared today in a statement before the house military committee on the new administration man power bill.

(By the Associated Press)
Launching an extended local attack the French Sunday evening broke through German positions along the vital sector connecting the Marne and Picardy battlefields. The attack was made over a front of approximately ten miles from near Carlepont east of the Oise to Fontenoy on the Aisne about six miles west of Soissons and is officially reported to have penetrated to an average depth of one and a third miles. The line under attack is vital to the sector between the Oise and Aisne and would probably throw out of joint the whole enemy defensive scheme if broken. Along the Picardy front there have been local actions in which the French took some 400 prisoners. London reports that the French captured St. Mard and Bourgogne, near Roye, thus increasing the peril of the enemy base west of the Somme. The British have made a new advance in the Merville sector of Flanders following up the retiring Germans.

School of Music and Expression.
Mrs. Winget will reopen above school September 9th and solicits all old pupils. Home phone 563.
8-19-tf

For a job that will stand up, East Side Garage.—L. S. Reese, Mgr.
8-12-tf

Economy is the word at Moser's Moser's Department Store's Remodeling Sale. 8-15-tf

Nothing is Troublesome

that we do willingly. That's why our photographs are so SUCCESSFUL.

Stall's Studio

Quality Photographers

PHONE 34

We regret our inability at this time to serve the public with full requirements of ice. We are making every effort to overcome the troubles, some men at the plant having had practically no sleep for three days. After advising with the local food administrator and the chairman of the County Council of Defense we are endeavoring to meet the demands where most needed for preservation of food. While we have no guarantee that our plant will stand up under the strain we hope it will and we ask the indulgence of the public for a short time while we promise that nothing will be left undone to the end that normal deliveries will be resumed.—Ada Ice & Cold Storage Co.

By A. Marshall, Mgr.
Don't miss this golden opportunity—Moser's Department Store's Remodeling Sale. 8-15-tf

The Comfort of Your Shave

depends greatly upon the condition in which your face was left after your last shave.

Rexall Shaving Lotion is fine to use after shaving. 35c and 60c. Rexall Shaving Soaps, Creams and Powders are excellent.

PRESCRIPTIONS PROPERLY PREPARED

Gwin & Mays Drug Co.

FRENCH MAKE 2-MILE GAIN

ADVANCE ON FRONT OF TEN
MILES TAKE SEVENTEEN
HUNDRED PRISONERS.

(By the Associated Press)
Paris, August 19.—The French tenth army which attacked the Germans between the Aisne and Oise last night has penetrated to an extreme depth of nearly two miles. Enemy machine gunners are resisting desperately and the Germans' air service is very active.

British Repel Counter Attack.

London, August 19.—Near Merville, at the Lys salient apex, the British progressed farther taking fifty prisoners in the action, says today's official statement. A German counter attack between Outtersteene and Meteren, was broken up by British artillery, the statement shows.

Seventeen Hundred Prisoners.

Paris, August 19.—Between the Oise and Aisne rivers the French last night attacked at 6 o'clock on a front of nearly ten miles between Carlepont, about four miles east of Ribeaucourt and Fontenoy, approximately six miles west of Soissons. They advanced to an average depth of one and a third miles over the whole front, according to today's official statement. Seventeen hundred prisoners, including two battalion commanders, were taken in the operation. There were violent artillery actions and south of the Aisne river during the night the statement concluded.

I.W.W. CONSPIRATORS GIVEN LONG TERMS

Chicago, Ill., August 19.—One hundred of the Industrial Workers of the World were found "guilty as charged in the indictment" by the jury after one hours' deliberation at their trial for conspiracy to disrupt the nation's war program late today. Arguments for a new trial will be heard next week.

The defendants, including William D. Haywood, general secretary-treasurer of the I. W. W., the highest position in the organization, were given a maximum penalty of twenty-seven years in prison and a \$10,000 fine each.

Federal Judge K. M. Landis, in his charge to the jury, withdrew the fifth and last count of the indictment, which charged conspiracy to violate the postal laws and particularly the section excluding from the mails enterprises in the nature of schemes to defraud.

The remaining four counts of the indictment specifically charge violation of the espionage act, the section of the criminal code prohibiting interference with the civil rights of citizens, the selective service act and the conspiracy statute.

The close of the case, which has been before the court for 138 days, was sudden. Two minor witnesses testified at the morning session and following them, Frank K. Nebeker, chief counsel for the government, began his closing argument, for which he was allowed two hours, but consumed scarcely half that time. Then George F. Vandever, head of the defense legal staff, to the surprise of all in the court room, declared that he would submit the case to the jury without making a closing statement.

GERMAN HELMET RECEIVED TODAY

A real Hun helmet was received this morning through the mail by Miss Myrtle Cloer from her brother, Hobson J. Cloer, Jr., who is at the front in France. This unusual piece of headgear is now at the Commercial hotel, but will be on display at the news office Tuesday.

A number of dents mark the surface of the helmet and at once place there is a bullet hole in it, indicating that its original owner was shot through the head.

It was passed by the censor of mail and came without wrapping or caging. It weighs three pounds and required thirty-six cents postage. As stated above, this curiosity will be on display at the news office Tuesday and all who care to see it are invited to call.

To Calculate Interest.

A rule often recommended for calculating interest for short periods is as follows: To find the interest of any given sum for any number of days, multiply the principal by the number of days and divide as follows: At 5 per cent, by 72; at 6 per cent, by 60; at 7 per cent, by 52; at 8 per cent, by 48, and at 9 per cent, by 40.

There are many things we can do to help our country. Don't fail to invest your savings in War Savings Stamps.

Let's want ad get it for you.

80 DIVISIONS FOR NEXT YEAR

GEN. MARCH SAYS THIS NUMBER
MAY END WAR NEXT
YEAR.

(By the Associated Press)
Washington, August 19.—Eighty divisions of American troops of 45,000 men each, General March told the house military committee today, should be able to bring the war to a successful conclusion in 1919. Eighty divisions is the number the war department plans to have in France by June, General March emphatically declared. "We will need every single man in class 1 between eighteen and forty-five. We must not delude ourselves with the idea that those in eighteen and nineteen years are going to be deferred any great length of time. They will have to be called early next spring in order to get their training in time to get to France."

General March expressed confidence that plenty of shipping for putting eighty divisions in France by June would be available.

SENATE READY FOR DRAFT BILL

WILL TAKE UP MEASURE THURSDAY. EARLY PASSAGE CERTAIN.

(By the Associated Press)
Washington, August 19.—Consideration of the new administration power bill extending draft ages will begin in the senate next Thursday. With a quorum present today the senate receded from the agreement for a vacation recess until August 24 and cleared the way for taking up the draft measure without further delay.

OKLAHOMANS IN CASUALTY LIST

Washington, August 19.—The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American Expeditionary forces:

Killed in action	36
Died of wounds	11
Missing in action	162
Wounded severely	135
Died from aeroplane accident	1
Dead of disease	3
Died accident and other causes	9
Wounded degree undetermined	13
Previously reported missing now reported killed	12
Total	382

Oklahomans In List.

Killed—Edwin Rice Johnson, Stillwater; Wm. C. Wilson, Earlsboro; Albert L. Forsythe, Leedy; Wm. H. Hall, Blue Jacket; George Harry Hennessey; Claude F. Hedges, Cesters; Geo. F. Hooper, Sulphur; Edward L. Howell, Melette; Thos. J. Kniken, Savana; Chas. W. Lowman, Yale; Clifford Margrave, Olustee; Clarence O. Pursey, Lucian.

Missing in Action—Corp. John O. Kirkland, Miami; Herbert H. Bond, Berwyn; John Scholten, Earlsboro. Wounded Severely—Sgt. George E. Roberts, Muskogee; Elizah A. Tyler, Maud.

"ATTENTION," HOME GUARD

Will reorganize and begin DRILL tonight, as the War Department is especially urging Military Drill wherever possible and furthermore it is essential for protection at home. Boys, let's get together and bring this company up to full strength. All the old members are urged to be present and there are vacancies for a limited number of new men. This is strictly business—for we have the guns and steps will be taken at once to secure the uniforms within a few days.

The drilling will be out in the open. If you are between 18 and 45 it will help you in the future.

"Assembly" at the court house at 8:30 TONIGHT.

WADE T. STEVENS, Drill Master.

SAFE OVERSEAS.

J. W. Sweatt,
Tom Mangum, Center,
Marion S. Heard,
John McKeel,
G. C. Wimblish,
Lee McKinney,
Charley Bobbitt,
Sam Grant.

"BABY BONDS," THRIFT STAMPS FOR SALE HERE.

School Dresses

In the best materials for school wear. The styles are the most desirable for the season and a large range of patterns. Sizes 2 to 19

\$1.23 to \$6.95

Ladies' Aprons

The largest assortment of aprons at these popular prices in this city.

\$1 to \$1.45

BASEMENT

Ada Cut Glass

See our display of Ada Cut Glass. Special Lemonade or Ice Tea set with handled glasses.

Value \$7.50--\$5

Made Here

Shaw's DEPARTMENT STORE

S.M. SHAW, PROP.

Established in 1902

ADA, OKLA.

PHONE 77

LIBERTY

The Ideal Musical Comedy Company is here and will present a high grade program this evening. A whole bevy of pretty girls. The picture program presents Viola Dana in the five-act romance, Breakers Ahead. Coming tomorrow: William Farmar in A Soldier's Oath.

Keep on coming to Moser's Department Store's big Remodeling Sale.

8-15-tf

Call at News office for old papers.

BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS



Charming Coat Suits For Autumn

Strictly tailored models predominate, emphatically smart, and of unusual distinctive styles that will appeal to those of refined and discriminating taste. Attractive models in the ever popular silvertone, poiret twill, tricotines and serges. Many are elaborately trimmed with fur, while others are handsomely braided.

Priced from \$25 to \$75

The Surprise Store

Established 1903

115-117 West Main St.

Phone 117

The Ada Evening News

By THE NEWS PUBLISHING AND PRINTING COMPANY
ADA, OKLAHOMA.

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OTIS B. WEAVER, Vice-President
MILES C. GRIGSBY, Business Mgr.

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When a man can put himself in the other fellow's place he is in a fair way to give exact justice to his neighbors in their troubles and shortcomings.

Rev. Bonnie Grimes has gone to Bockchito to hold a meeting with Dr. J. H. Boyt of Durant. Mrs. Grimes and daughter, Ina Pearl, are visiting relatives at Milburn. Rev. Grimes and family will be out of the city ten days. There will be no preaching at the First Baptist Church next Sunday.

Waupanucka and Marietta are disputing about which town received the first bale, each claiming that its first bale was the first in the state. As a matter of fact, both are wrong. The first bale ginned in Oklahoma was at Ada on August 7. Ada has a habit of taking the lead in everything anyway.

Evidently the candidacy of Bob Williams for a federal judgeship is not running as smoothly as anticipated. Sunday's Oklahoman ran a lengthy editorial extolling his many virtues and concealing all his short-comings. When President Wilson reads that he will hesitate no longer but rush the appointment to the senate at once. However, we have not changed our opinion that a man with as malicious and vindictive nature as possessed by Williams has no place on the federal bench.

The Lute.
The lute has vanished. It was one of the oldest of instruments, and had a beautiful vibrant tone somewhat like that of the harp. But its size and complexity were against it. It had a long tail, and many strings, and while its size increased its power and range, it also increased its weight and made it cumbersome. The minstrel of today plays on the mandolin, the guitar or the banjo—and the lute is forgotten.

Inseparable Musical Instruments.
In modern Spanish dances one finds the woman gracefully waving a tambourine, while her male partner agitates the bones, or "castanets." The two seem to go together. Indeed, it has been so for thousands of years. They were played together as an accompaniment of amorous, and particularly of bacchanalian, dances in ancient Carthage, in Athens long before the Christian era, and in Rome.

The Difference.
Science is concerned with the names, distances and magnitudes of the stars; and with problems touching the intestinal parasites of the flea." Art, literature and religion are concerned only with mankind; with the elemental, the universal, the eternal; with the dream, the defeat, the romance of life.—Dallas Lore Sharp, in Atlantic.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.



The Vital Point

In filling prescriptions is the care and accuracy with which they are handled.

Our Clerks are registered; they have had long experience in the handling and compounding of prescriptions, and their full realization of the importance of every detail of their work, makes it safe for you to trade with us.

Every prescription has our careful attention.

M. A. WAITS

DRUGGIST
107 East Main
Successors to Ada Drug Co.

LETTERS FROM

SOLDIER BOYS

From Foy Pendleton.
La Rochelle, France, June 29.
Mrs. Flora Pendleton.

Dear Mother:—Have just received two of your letters, dated May the 16 and June the 6th, and was certainly glad to hear from home again.

I thought someone was getting my mail until a few days ago, when it all came in at once. It seems as if they hold up your letter for a few weeks and send it all in at once.

I have just got a letter from Roy, who says he is in an aviation camp at Garden City, Long Island, and thinks that he will be doing foreign service in France soon, but I don't suppose I will get to see him, as I am, as you see by the reading of this letter, in a sea port on the western coast of France. I certainly would like to get transferred to his department, but I suppose it will be impossible. This is not such a bad place however, there are several places of interest, such as old buildings, old time forts and parks.

They are making a hospital out of an old French chateau which is about four miles out of town, it is a historical old place and will be pretty nice when they get it fixed up.

I guess dad is about ready to start thrashing by this time. Hope I will be there to help next year. It would be pretty nice to stick my feet under the same old table and eat home cooked food once more.

Was surprised at the number of home boys being drafted. Girls must be awful lonesome now that the boys are all gone; and I suppose that farm help is scarce at the present time.

I am learning to (parley France au petit pour) speak French a little bit, as the French say. I have a French sweetheart, she is a very nice mademoiselle and says she would like to live in America, it is such a rich country. They think America must be a great place, the soldiers have so much money. The French soldier gets only five cents a day.

Tell uncle Jim that I'm getting along fine, and that I wish him good luck with his crop this year.

Well as it is getting late I will close. Write as often as possible.

From your son,
Pvt. Foy W. Pendleton,
Med. Dept., 35th Engrs.
American E. F.

From Maxx Brents.
With The Colors, July 28, 1918.
Dear Mr. Riley:

You should hear from me once more and the letter should be in a different strain from those addressed to you as Secretary of the Local Board by me before I got into service.

Everyone is familiar with the formalities of being inducted into service thru the examining board and then placed in some branch of service. Fortunately our bunch of May 6th were placed in cavalry.

Let me say here that there is no better branch of the service than the cavalry. Neatness of person and personal appearance is obtained. The work on the horses gives a cavalryman a pet whom he lavishes all kinds of attention, and keeps alive the kindly feeling so often forgotten by the doughboy.

We get some training; not so extensive, but more intensive, as the infantryman. In addition to this the training with the horse, saber, pistol and rifle. Our work is both mounted and dismounted. We are given no defensive training, all offensive. We have passed successively the squad and platoon drill and are now on troop drill. Next comes squadron and regimental work. Then maybe so, over there—if the war lasts long enough, our Capt. Blount promises a Christmas dinner with the lucky fellows who are already in the thick of the fight. The only objection I can find to the cavalry is that with green horses and men, it takes so long to get trained for action. The work of getting trained is hell. But I can truly say that it is a hell that I like.

Two per cent of the thirteen hundred men here were given a chance at the Fifth Officers Training Camp.

I was recommended to the school by Captain Blount, but after a talk with examiners I turned down the chance.

As a non-commissioned officer I can go across. As a commissioned officer I could not. When I got the medical advisory board to take me out of class 5-G and put me in 1-A, I decided to fight shy of examiners—you know why.

Inclosed is a picture of the happiest trooper-soldier-sailor sent out by any Local Board, and I want you to know my appreciation for your many kindnesses in assisting me to get here.

Sincerely yours,

Sgt. Maxx R. Brents,
Troop I, 305 Cav.,
Camp Stanley, Texas.

VIRGINIA HOUSEKEEPER

Tell of Remedy for Chronic Coughs.

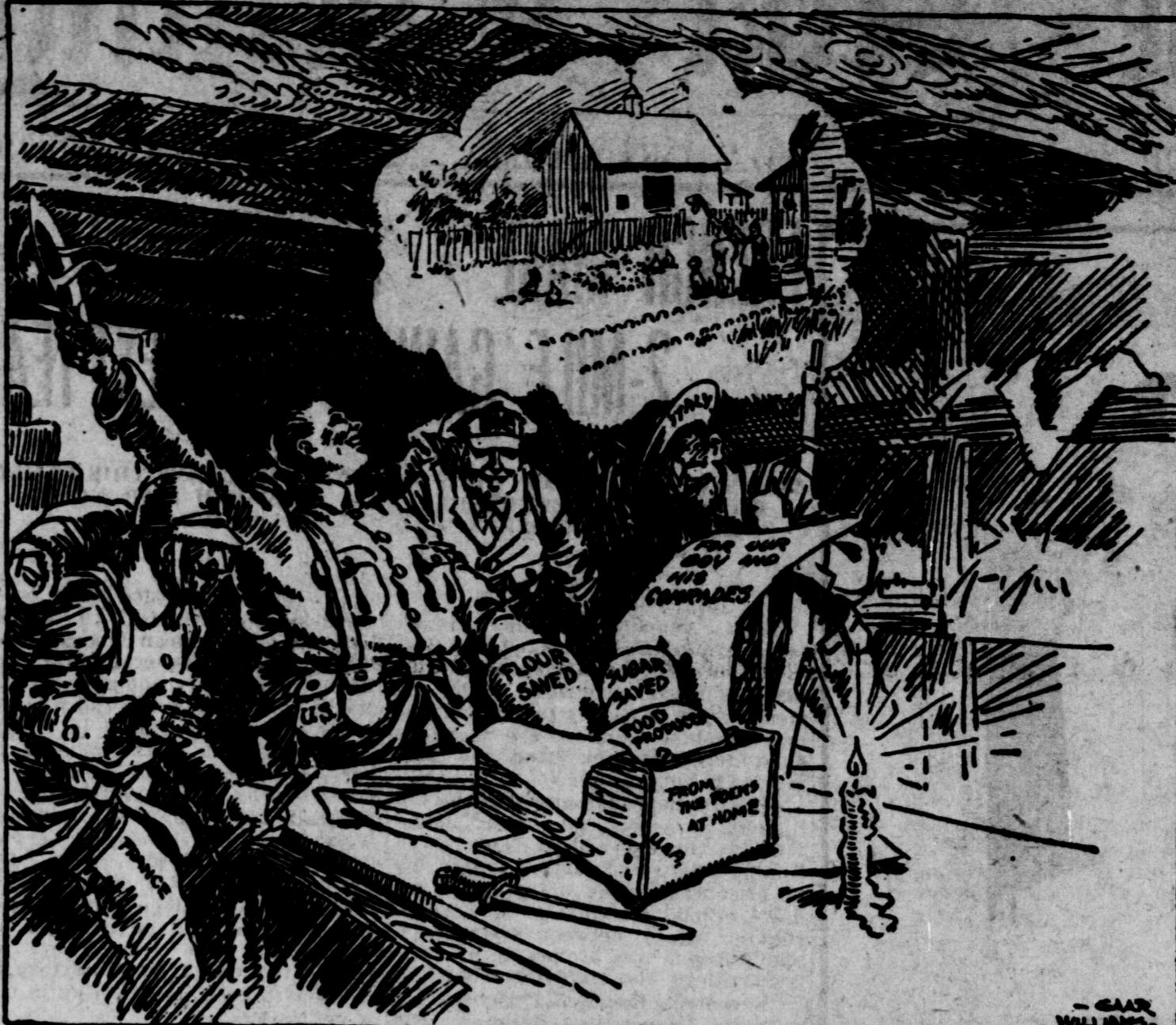
Crockett, Va.—"I had a chronic cough, was run-down, overworked and hardly able to keep about and do my housework, when my doctor made me try Vinol. I quickly improved by its use, my cough has disappeared and it has built me up in every way."

Mrs. H. Honnshell.
The reason we guarantee Vinol is because it is a constitutional remedy containing beef and cod liver peptones, it builds up the entire system and removes the cause of coughs and colds.—Gwin & Mays Co., and Drugists Everywhere.

Remember Moser's Department Store's big Remodeling Sale continues fifteen days. 8-15-18

Does Uncle Sam still hold the note you signed on June 28th? If so, buy your war savings stamps and cancel the note.

A BOX FROM HOME



Drawn by Gear Williams, Division of Pictorial Publicity.

Food savings of millions of Americans during our first year of war enabled this government to send enormous food shipments abroad for our fighting forces and the Allied nations. Our savings in cereals—out of a short crop—amounted to 154,900,000 bushels; all of which was shipped to Europe. We increased our meat and fat shipments 844,600,000 pounds. This was America's "box from home" to our army abroad and the civilians and military forces of the Allied nations.

SHARE OUR SUGAR WITH THE ALLIES

British Get Two Pounds a Month.
French Pound and Half,
Italians One Pound.

GERMAN SUPPLY PLENTIFUL

All Nations Permit Use of Sweetening for Home Preserving Purposes.

America's new sugar ration of two pounds a month per person is equitable when compared with the sugar ration enforced by rigid governmental order in England, France and Italy, nations with which we are sharing sugar.

Each Allied nation—in the matter of sugar consumption—is sharing on nearest possible equal terms the hardships imposed by greatly altered conditions in the world sugar situation.

Formerly classed as a luxury, sugar is now a war time essential. The fair and just division of this essential is in the hands of the various Allied food controllers.

The United States Food Administration has asked this nation to observe a voluntary sugar ration of two pounds per person a month.

In the other countries at war with Germany sugar is one of the scarce articles on every menu—whether in the households of both rich and poor, or in the hotels.

England today has a sugar ration of two pounds per month per person. In France the ration is a pound and a half and in Italy it is one pound a month. And the prices in allied countries are from two to three times as high as in America.

If you go to a hotel in England or France these days and order tea or coffee they serve absolutely no sugar with it. If you want sugar you must bring it with you.

In England it is allowable to use one-seventh of an ounce of sugar in the preparation of each luncheon. In France many persons carry little saccharine tablets about with them for use in hotels and in England rich and poor must take their sugar with them if they wish to have sweetened tea while visiting friends.

Before the war started France had 625,000 acres devoted to sugar production. By 1917 the French sugar acreage had decreased to 180,000 acres. Today the French man or woman with a sugar card has no assurance whatever that he or she will be able to actually buy sugar. To buy it, one must first find it.

Italy Has "State Sugar." Especially drastic regulations govern the use of sugar in Italy. Its manufacture, distribution and sale are closely controlled, and in part actually taken over by the state.

Saccharine is permitted to be sold and used as a substitute for sugar and the government manufactures a mixture of saccharine and sugar called "State Sugar," which is largely used.

German Sugar Ration Adequate. Germany, before the war, produced a great surplus of sugar and exported large quantities. Today the Germans have virtually gone out of the export business, but have plenty of cheap sugar for home use.

Wholesale prices prevalent in the Allied nations, according to information received by the United States Food Administration are as follows: England, 10 cents a pound; France, 12 cents; Italy, 26 cents.

While these high prices are being paid abroad the American wholesale price is being held at 7½ cents.

Save Food

120 million Allies must eat

United States Food Administration

War Time Sweeteners

MERICA has several excellent war time sweeteners that will be used largely during the shortage in the sugar supply.

They are maple sugar, syrups, honey and molasses and may be used in preparing desserts and other dishes requiring sweetening.

When a cup of syrup or honey is used to replace a cup of sugar the liquid in the recipes should be decreased one-fourth. One-third of a cupful of sugar is equivalent to one-third of a cup of honey, about one-half cup of syrup and about one-half cup of corn sugar. One-fourth of a cup of sugar is equal to about one-half cup of syrup or one-third cup of corn sugar. One tablespoon of sugar is equal to one tablespoon of honey, about one and one-half tablespoons of syrup and one and one-third tablespoons of corn sugar.

Sugar may be saved by the use of raisins, dates, figs, dried pears and fruit pastes used on the breakfast cereals.

Fruit marmalades, butters and jellies should be used to take the place of the ordinary sweetening at a meal and not as accessories to it. Fruits may be preserved without sugar. It may be added when sugar is more plentiful.

Preserving demands this year a thin syrup instead of a heavy syrup.

If sugar is used one-half of the amount may be replaced by another sweetener.

Drying is a means of preserving (without sugar) apples, cherries, strawberries and black caps.

When ready to use they may have added the needed sugar in the form of a syrup. When sugar is more plentiful fruit juices may be made into jellies or may be used as fruit juices with or without sugar, as beverages, fruit gelatin and frozen desserts.

Fresh fruits supply the place of sugar in the diet. They should be used freely. Desserts where sugar is scarce may be made of gelatin, junkets, custards, puddings and cakes.



YOUR WIFE

knows the value of really good furniture and she will find the quality and style of everything handled by us just suited to her individual taste.

There's a difference in your favor when you buy Homefurnishings from us.

JACKSON BROS.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES

For State Senator:
LUTHER HARRISON

For District Judge:
J. W. BOLEN

For County Attorney:
WAYNE WADDINGTON

For County Treasurer:
D. W. SWAFFAR

For Sheriff:
BOB DUNCAN (re-election)

For County Tax Assessor:
NICK HEARD (re-election)

For County Clerk:
MILTON GARNER

Court Clerk:
A. R. SUGG

For County Weigher:
JOHN WARD

For County Judge:
OREL BUSBY (re-election)

For Representative:
W. H. EBAY

DATE CRAWFORD

For County Superintendent:
A. FLOYD (re-election)

For Co. Commissioner, 1st District:
W. H. BRUMLEY (re-elect.)

For County Commissioner (2nd Dist.):
J. I. LAUGHLIN

County Commissioner, 3rd Dist.:
HENRY F. BIBB

For Constable, Ada Precinct:
WALTER GOYNE

NOTICE TO ALL READERS OF THE EVENING NEWS

Every one who has a news item of importance is invited to telephone it to The News from day to day. Owing to the shortage of labor and the high price of running a newspaper, it is impossible now to maintain a reporting force large enough to see every one every day. You can go to the telephone and give us a news item in a few minutes and in this way let your friends know where you are. They will appreciate the courtesy.

Oftentimes you will have friends visiting you. The people of Ada want to know about this, and we sincerely ask you to let the News tell them about this friend. It is a courtesy you owe your guest to have his or her name appear in the news items of your local paper.

Some one will be in the office all the time to look after these items.

CLASSIFIED WANT ADS



DEAR KATE:

I note from yours received today, You're having quite a time, To get a servant down your way— Up here it's quite sublime.

Whene'er we need a cook or maid, We just insert an AD, And soon our troubles are allayed, The best is to be had.

These small WANT ADS are surely great; They get results so quick, No servant-worries here, dear Kate, Come up and get your pick.

Yours,
MARY.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished room.—Mrs. Norrell, 219 East 12th.

FOR RENT—Rooms for light house-keeping. Phone 224.

FOR RENT—Furnished five-room house. 515 East Ninth. 8-16-3t*

FOR RENT—3 rooms for light house-keeping. 515 East 15th.—M. E. Wilmoth. 8-16-3t*

FOR RENT—Room and board close in. Phone 334.—Mrs. Lon Braley. 8-17-6t

FOR RENT—Four room unfurnished apartment. Colonnade building. Phone 358. 8-7-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished room; Colonnade building. All conveniences. Phone 358. 8-7-tf

FOR RENT—3 nicely furnished bed rooms, close in.—Mrs. Emma Van Meter, 123 South Hope. 8-14-tf

FOR RENT—Modern 5 room house at 930 East 9th.—Mrs. Emma Van Meter, 123 South Hope. 8-14-tf

FOR RENT—Modern down town apartments and rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Apply to O. E. Parker. 7-1-tf

FOR RENT—Southeast front room, ground floor, modern house, close in, 210 East 12th. Phone 471. 8-14-5t*

WANTED

WANTED—Your cleaning and pressing. Miller Bros. 3-1-tf

WANTED—Large, clean cotton rags. 3c per pound.—News Office.

WANTED—Small house close in. See Alfred Vaden at P. O. 8-16-5t

WANTED—At once, day cook and waiter.—James Cafe, Phone 348. 8-17-tf

WANTED—To sell furnishings of 6 room house bought last year. 601 East 10th. 8-13-7t*

WANTED—Second cook, dish washer and pantry woman, either white or colored for Harris hotel. 9-16-3t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Pigs. 821 East 7th. 8-16-4t*

FOR SALE—Good Jersey cow fresh.—W. S. Kerr. 8-17-3t

FOR SALE—Ford roadster. A1 condition. See R. J. Rains. 8-10-tf

FOR SALE—Duroc Jersey pigs.—A. G. Smith, 1 block west of Glenwood school. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—New Ford roadster. McKoy Hardware Co., Stonewall. 8-15-6t*

FOR SALE—One fifth wheel stake wagon, Kinkim roller bearing.—The Texas Company. Phone 280. 8-17-3t

FOR SALE—Lot 4, Block 7, Capitol Hill Addition. Price \$500 if sold at once. Address Owner, Box 665, Roswell, N. M. 8-15-5t*

MISCELLANEOUS

Get your adding machine paper at the News office.

FOR TRADE—Fine residence lot for automobile. Ford not wanted. 3t

LOOK FOR SALE OR TRADE—One of the best businesses in Ada, doing a cash business of \$60.00 per day. Would take a house and lot in trade. Call 549.—Ada News Stand 8-9-tf

WANTED—Clean white rags at News office.

Pottery the Oldest Art.

Pottery is the oldest, the longest and most widely diffused of all human arts. Its history, if recorded, would be as old as the history of man; its recorded history begins with the building of the tower of Babel. The oldest pottery known is Egyptian, but every people, civilized or barbarian, has practiced the art in one or another form. All study in every department of art begins at a period not long after the Mosaic deluge, but pottery is the earliest of all forms of art.

Early American Diplomats.

The first American minister to France was Thomas Jefferson, who represented this country under the Confederation and during the revolution before the Constitution was adopted and the United States was organized. After the adoption of the Constitution, the United States was first represented in France by William Short as chargé d'affaires (1790) and then by Gouverneur Morris (1792) as minister.

May Be New Source of Oil.

It is believed that large quantities of oil with many commercial use can be obtained from the nuts of the coyol palm, which grows prolifically in central and tropical South America.

For the convenience of the public the News is carrying on sale a supply of Thrift Stamps and War Savings Certificates.

LODGE DIRECTORY

A. F. & A. M.
Regular meeting of Ada Lodge No. 19, Saturday night on or before the full moon in each month.
JOHN THRASHER, W. M.
F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

R. A. M.
Ada Chapter No. 26, Royal Arch Masons, meets the second Tuesday night in each month.
E. A. McMILLAN, H. P.
F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

K. T. M.
Ada Commandery No. 16 Knights Templar Masons meets the third Friday of each month.
C. G. BRADFORD, D. E. C.
F. C. SIMS, Recorder.

W. O. W.
Ada Camp. No. 588, meets every Tuesday night, I. O. O. F. Hall 7:30 o'clock.
WAYNE WADLINGTON, C. C.
C. H. CUNNING, Clerk.

R. P. O. H.
Ada Lodge No. 1275, R. P. O. H. regular meeting second and fourth Mondays in each month.
H. P. REICH, H. E.
E. S. HARAWAY, Secy.

K. O. O. F.
Ada Lodge No. 146, I. O. O. F. regular meeting every Thursday night.
J. T. LANCASTER, N. G.
H. C. EVANS, Secy.

DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE BY MARY GRAHAM DOWNER

PEKINGESE PUPPIES.

"Well, I am not surprised," said Yen Wang.

"I am glad to hear it," barked Choo Foo.

"What makes you so pleasant to day?" asked Yen Wang.

"The same reason which is making you pleasant," said Choo Foo. "And next year I'll be more pleasant than you are today. Yes, I will. Indeed, I will."

"No, you won't," barked Yen Wang, crossly. "You will never be more pleasant than I am today."

"It would seem that I am more pleasant now," said Choo Foo.

"Oh, you may be talking or barking more cheerfully, but I mean," said Yen Wang, "that you haven't the cause for being more pleasant than I am today."

"Then if you have every reason to be more pleasant, be pleasant," said Choo Foo.

"I may take your advice and I may not," said Yen Wang. "You must remember that I am very highly bred, and I can do as I like. I don't have to be kind or nice or friendly, for I am valuable and my family tree is perfect."

"What do you mean by family tree?" asked Choo Foo.

"My dear Dog," said Yen Wang, "a family tree means that a person or dog has fine ancestors. My ancestors, for example, came from China. They were highly bred. They did not have to look after themselves and pick up bones anywhere and everywhere. They were fed royally and magnificently."

"Well, if that is what it means to have a family tree," said Choo Foo, "I have one, too. I came from China. I have had fine grandparents and great-grandparents, which are the same as ancestors. And my family have never gone a-hunting for bones."

"Well," said Yen Wang, "that is fine. I know you have a family tree, for if you hadn't, you wouldn't be here."

"Have all the dogs family trees who are here?" asked Choo Foo.

"Every one of them," said Yen Wang. "You see that this is a special dog show, given by a club called the Pekingese Club."

"They named the club after us. That was an honor to begin with, but we are deserving of all honors, for we are so highly born, so aristocratic, so beautiful and so snobbish."

"And they are holding a dog show, as I said before; but it's not a common dog show. It's a dog show where only Pekingese dogs are allowed to come, and most of us here today are puppies—that is, we're all pretty young."

"How many of us are here?" asked Choo Foo. These two dogs were in little houses adjoining each other.

"I believe," said Yen Wang, "that there are two hundred and fifty dogs here today. And of all those dogs I took the first prize. That's why I am pleasant."

"You mean that is why you are as pleasant as it is possible for you to be," said Choo Foo.

"Maybe so," said Yen Wang, "for I never believe in being too pleasant. It would be beneath my dignity. I am a very aristocratic dog, as I said before."

"Yes, so you said," agreed Choo Foo, "and if you are so proud at having received the first prize in this whole show, do you wonder I am pleased? For I received the second prize."

"Yes," said Yen Wang, "if you can't receive the first prize, it is always nice to get the second."

"And do you mean," asked Choo Foo, "that every dog here has a family tree?"

"Every one," said Yen Wang. "There is not a dog in the place without fine, noble, highly-bred ancestors, or great-great-grandparents, as you prefer to call them."

"No wonder, then," said Choo Foo, "that my mistress gives me the choicest of food."

"So does mine," said Yen Wang. "I have my own meals. I bark at the table three times again when the family is eating, and I am given choice bits to eat—and every afternoon when the mistress has tea, I am given cream, rich cream in a beautiful saucer, and a piece of expensive cake made with eggs."

"It's very nice to be rich," yawned Choo Foo, in a bored little voice.

Honors Self-Respecting.

Do no hesitate to do the right thing for fear some one else may misunderstand it and criticize you. There are some people who live in such constant fear of being misunderstood, that they let the majority of their chances pass unimproved. If you know you are doing as you ought, you will never trouble yourself as to what others are thinking. In time, if not at the start, the world honors the one who respects himself.—Girle's Companion.

Goodness and the Reward.

Mother—I am going out, Mamie, and I want you to be a good little girl while I am gone, and I'll bring you home a paper of candy. Now, are you going to be good?

Mamie—Yes, I suppose so; but I can't tell how good I ought to be unless I know how big that paper of candy is going to be.

CAVALRY PLAYS BIG PART NOW

General Foch Used French Horsemen to Advantage in Big Drive.

PROVE GOOD FIGHTERS AFOOT

Rides 80 Miles in Day and Relieves Hard-Pressed British in Flanders. Makes New Place for Self in Warfare.

Washington.—Skillful use of French cavalry has marked General Foch's tactics ever since he took over control of the allied armies as supreme commander, according to information reaching military circles here. The horsemen have played an important role in the whole battle of 1918, as the struggle which began March 21 with the first German drive has come to be known.

The employment of swift-moving columns in the present counter-stroke from the Aisne-Marne line has been noted in the dispatches. Again General Foch took advantage of the great mobility of the mounted arm to throw it wherever his advancing infantry units threatened to lose touch with each other in the heat and confusion of the contest. No gaps have been left where the enemy might strike back, for always the horsemen came up to fill the hole until the infantry line could be rectified and connected in a solid front.

The same tactics marked the first use of French cavalry in the battle of Picardy, when the French took over 55 miles of front from the British to permit the latter to mass reserves at seriously threatened points of the line farther north.

Cavalry Fights Afoot.

A French cavalry corps complete with light artillery, armored cars and cyclists arrived first on the scene in Picardy and relieved the British. They fought it out afoot until the heavy French infantry arrived and took over the task.

Three days later the horsemen were on the move again, this time hurrying to the front, where the enemy was hitting hard at the Lys line. The cavalry rode hard as the advance guard of the French infantry column marched toward St. Omars. In the first 24 hours, despite the long strain of fighting in Picardy, they covered 80 miles without losing a man or a horse on the way. In 66 hours they had transferred their whole corps over 125 miles and arrived east of Mont Cassel.

It was a wonderful sight," writes the chief of staff of a division. "The horses were in fine condition; the men were cheerful and went singing, in spite of the sufferings and privations they had to endure.

"In truth, our boys looked a little tired, but they were all very proud that such an effort had been asked of them and all were bearing it cheerfully."

The cavalry corps stood in support of the British for ten days in April after the enemy had forced the line held by the Portuguese division. It maintained communication between two British armies and organized the ground from Mont Cassel to Mont Kemmel, while the French army moved up behind it. As the French infantry came into line the cavalry was drawn off to the left in the Mont Kemmel region, and for five days the horsemen, fighting afoot with two infantry divisions, withstood the terrible assaults of the Germans who sought to hammer a way through behind Ypres at any cost.

They stood steady bombardment for days, and when the infantry was hemmed in on top of Mont Kemmel, the cavalry drove forward in counter-attack and held off the shock divisions of the enemy while the French gunners got their pieces away.

Later, at the battle of Loire, the cavalry also shared fully with the infantry, blocking gaps in the line, and the final definite occupation of the town for the allies was accomplished by a cavalry battalion. A sergeant and a handful of dragoons drove 40 Germans out of the town, and at another point a cavalry officer and 20 men backed up the infantry at a critical moment, the officer waving a pistol in one hand and a shovel in the other as he led the dash which restored the situation.

Defend Compiegne.

A few days later the same cavalry, after another long ride, met the enemy advance against Villers-Cotterets woods in the Aisne sector, where the fighting today is waging fiercely, and where the horsemen again are engaged. When the Germans drove forward in their effort to get around the forest to Compiegne, the horsemen blocked the road between the wooded region and the River Oureq.

In view of this record for swift and dashing attack afoot, the cavalry appears to have established a new place for itself in modern warfare. They are the light reserves; the men who are always hurried first into the point of danger to hold until the slow-moving infantry arrives. They have learned trench warfare completely, and General Foch is making use of them in any move that insures them a glorious chance when the day comes for the allies to drive back all along the line.

Let us tell you where to buy your Liberty Bonds and Thrift Stamps

BUY YOUR

COAL
OF US—TERMS CASH

Ada Ice & Cold Storage Co.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. CATHERINE THRELFALL
County Health Officer
Over Surprise Store
Day and Night Telephone 577

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YOU WILL SMILE



AND BOW IN APPRECIATION

When you see your boy dressed up ready for school in our Boys' School Togs. Read this list then come in and look them over.

Boys' School Suits in Serge, Cheviots and Worsts with two pair of trousers in assorted colors at \$7.50 to \$18.50.

Boys' Blouses and Shirts of Percales and Madras in stripes and checks. 85c to \$2.00.

Get him an army or boy scout suit, including leggings, shoes, hat or cap. You can fit him out at a reasonable cost.

Model CLOTHIERS
QUALITY SHOP
EVERYBODY'S STORE

City News

Say it with flowers. Get it at Gwin & Mayes. See Warren and See Better. Have your Photo made at West's. Forty-cent plate lunch—Schriber's. Born to W. T. Edmiston and wife, August 19, a daughter.

W. D. Little is looking after business matters for the fuel administration at Muskogee.

Mr. and Mrs. John McKinney have received word that their son, Lee, has arrived safely overseas.

L. A. Ellison and wife have returned from a visit to relatives at Ennis and other points in Texas.

A sale for close buyers—Moser's Department Store's Remodeling Sale. 8-15-16

Mrs. A. A. Bobbitt recently received word that her son, Charley, had arrived in France all O. K.

S. J. Armstrong and family returned Saturday from an extended auto trip through the West and Northwest.

Work was begun today putting a new floor and new front in the building occupied by Moser's Department store.

Mrs. Ella Land returned this afternoon from a flying visit to Sulphur.

M. L. Chambers was a Sulphur visitor Sunday.

Sec'y. Walker went as far as Hainesville Saturday night with a crew of fifty-five men who signed up here for work on the new powder factory near Nashville, Tenn.

Sup't. O. H. Graham of the Stonewall school was in the city this morning. He is completing the details of his arrangements to begin work the first of September.

Eltton Simmons and wife of Amarillo, Tex., who has been visiting his parents and other relatives at Scottsville, Ky., are visiting his aunt Mrs. W. G. Meador in Ada on his return home.

Mrs. E. S. Winget is in Sulphur Springs, Texas, visiting her daughter, Mrs. G. L. Bryson, after a two weeks visit in Wichita, Kansas, with Mrs. Chas. Algeo. She will return to Ada the first week in September and reopen her school on the 9th as advertised.

Road of Frights. In the central part of China there is a very strange road, which leads to the famous Ming tombs. On each side of the avenue are huge figures of elephants, camels and giraffes, lions, etc. Each animal is carved out of a solid piece of stone. They are probably more than 500 years old.

Coal Flows Like Water. In a great steel works at Pittsburgh powdered coal flows like water through 1,500 feet of four-inch pipe under a pressure of 40 pounds to the square inch, and flows so rapidly that four tons have been put through a 550-foot line in five minutes.

Malarial Scourge. Malarial fevers are by far the greatest scourge of the rural districts of Venezuela. In the one state of Carabobo, with a population of 188,398 there were 1,484 deaths from malaria last year.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

AMERICANS ASKED TO LIMIT USE OF SUGAR

Must Use No More Than Two Pounds Per Person a Month if the Present Meagre Allied Sugar Ration Is Maintained.

Stocks Will Be Short Until Beginning of New Year—Ration May Be Enlarged Then.

Two pounds of sugar a month—half a pound a week—that is the sugar ration the U. S. Food Administration has asked every American to observe until January 1, 1919, in order to make sure there shall be enough for our Army and Navy, for the Allied armies and for the civilians of those nations.

By New Year's the world sugar situation will be relieved somewhat by the new crop. Cuban sugar of this year's crop will be arriving in this country.

Every available sugar source will be drawn on by the Food Administration during the next winter months to maintain sufficient stocks here to keep up our national sugar supply. During October the first American beet sugar will arrive in the markets. By the middle of November some of our Louisiana cane crop will be available. All of this sugar and more may be needed to keep this nation supplied on a reduced ration and to safeguard the Allied sugar ration from still further reduction. In Europe the present ration is already reduced to a minimum.

OUR SAVED FOOD FEED THE ALLIES

Food Administrator Writes President America Conserved 141,000,000 Bushels Wheat.

CREDIT DUE TO WOMEN.

Meat and Fat Shipments Increased by 844,000,000 Pounds.

Conservation measures applied by the American people enabled the United States to ship to the Allied peoples and to our own forces overseas 141,000,000 bushels of wheat and 844,000,000 pounds of meat during the past year, valued in all at \$1,400,000,000. This was accomplished in the face of a serious food shortage in this country, bespeaking the wholeheartedness and patriotism with which the American people have met the food crisis abroad.

Food Administrator Hoover, in a letter to President Wilson, explains how the situation was met. The voluntary conservation program fostered by the Food Administration enabled the piling up of the millions of bushels of wheat during 1917-18 and the shipment of meat during 1917-18.

The total value of all food shipments to Allied destinations amounted to \$1,400,000,000, all this food being bought through or in collaboration with the Food Administration. These figures are all based on official reports and represent food exports for the harvest year that closed June 30, 1918.

The shipments of meats and fats (including meat products, dairy products, vegetable oils, etc.) to Allied destinations were as follows:

Fiscal year 1916-17 ... 2,166,500,000 lbs.
Fiscal year 1917-18 ... 3,011,100,000 lbs.

Increase 844,000,000 lbs.

Our slaughterable animals at the beginning of the last fiscal year were not appreciably larger than the year before and particularly in hogs; they were probably less. The increase in shipments is due to conservation and the extra weight of animals added by our farmers.

The full effect of these efforts began to bear their best results in the last half of the fiscal year, when the exports to the Allies were 2,133,100,000 pounds, as against 2,166,500,000 pounds in the same period of the year before. This compares with an average of 801,000,000 pounds of total exports for the same half years in the three-year pre-war period.

In cereals and cereal products reduced to terms of cereal bushels our shipments to Allied destinations have been:

Fiscal year 1916-17 ... 259,900,000 bushels.

Fiscal year 1917-18 ... 340,800,000 bushels.

Increase 80,900,000 bushels.

Of these cereals our shipments of the prime breadstuffs in the fiscal year 1917-18 to Allied destinations were: Wheat 131,000,000 bushels and of rye 18,900,000 bushels, a total of 144,900,000 bushels.

The exports to Allied destinations during the fiscal year 1916-17 were: Wheat 138,100,000 bushels and rye 2,300,000 bushels, a total of 137,400,000 bushels. In addition some 10,000,000 bushels of 1917 wheat are now in port for Allied destinations or en route thereto. The total shipments to Allied countries from our last harvest of wheat will be therefore, about 141,000,000 bushels, or a total of 154,900,000 bushels of prime breadstuffs. In addition to this we have shipped some 10,000,000 bushels to neutrals dependent upon us, and we have received some imports from other quarters.

"This accomplishment of our people in this matter stands out even more clearly if we bear in mind that we had available in the fiscal year 1916-17 from net carry-over and as surplus over our normal consumption about 200,000,000 bushels of wheat which we were able to export that year without trenching on our home load," Mr. Hoover said. "This last year, however owing to the large failure of the 1917 wheat crop, we had available from net carry-over and production, and import only just about our normal consumption. Therefore our wheat shipments to Allied destinations represent approximately savings from our own wheat bread.

"These figures, however, do not fully convey the volume of the effort and sacrifice made during the past year by the whole American people. Despite the magnificent effort of our agricultural population in planting a much increased acreage in 1917, not only was there a very large failure in wheat but also the corn failed to mature properly, and our corn is our dominant crop.

"I am sure," Mr. Hoover wrote in concluding his report, "that all the millions of our people, agricultural as well as urban, who have contributed to these results should feel a very definite satisfaction that in a year of universal food shortages in the northern hemisphere all of those people joined together against Germany have come through into sight of the coming harvest not only with wealth and strength fully maintained, but with only temporary periods of hardship.

"It is difficult to distinguish between various sections of our people—the homes, public eating places, food trades, urban or agricultural populations—in assessing credit for these results, but no one will deny the dominant part of the American women."

"Willie," said his mother, seeing him eating a piece of candy, "did I say you could have a piece of candy?" "Well," said Willie, "you didn't say that I couldn't."

"Budding Diplomat."

"Willie," said his mother, seeing him eating a piece of candy, "did I say you could have a piece of candy?" "Well," said Willie, "you didn't say that I couldn't."

"Not Teetotal."

"Although lobsters generally drink water, they will take a nip if you give them the chance."—Boston Transcript.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

Saving Sugar Saves Shipping



AMERICAN families would have less sugar than the people of war torn France, if we depended entirely on our home-grown sugar stocks.

Approximately 75 per cent. of our sugar is shipped to our shores. We produce about 1,000,000 tons of sugar a year. Our imports from abroad amount to over 3,000,000 tons a year in normal times.

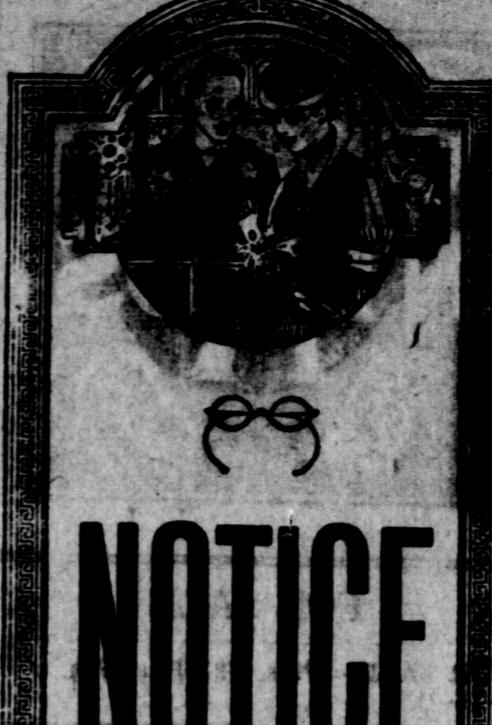
The United States Food Administration asks each family to limit its use of sugar to two pounds per month per person for household use. The military situation demands that every available ship be placed at the disposal of the Army or Navy. When we save sugar, we save shipping.

BREAKDOWNS CAUSE ICE SHORTAGE

ready and not even from Dallas could relief be obtained. There is no truth in the report that three cars were shipped out Saturday, leaving Ada with almost none at all.

The trouble is primarily due to the heavy strain under which the machinery has been during the extremely hot weather. As a result the connecting rod of one of the ammonia condensers broke and at the same time the piston was slightly bent. The factory was wired to but replied that it would be thirty days before it could be replaced. The part was then taken to the machine shop at the glass factory and finally welded and put to work again. The bent piston next began to give trouble and a considerable quantity of ammonia wasted before the machine was stopped and another piston put into place Sunday. To cap the climax of misfortunes, two valves were sprung Sunday, thereby causing further delay.

The men have been working with all speed on repairs and an expert engineer was ordered from Dallas



NOTICE

As a duty we will close out our large Jewelry stock until after the War. Uncle Sam needs our money, our aim must be (First) win the war. We need no non-essential business. Now is your chance to buy. We will sacrifice in order to close out quickly.

COON
Jewelry Store
120 West Main Street
Ada, Oklahoma

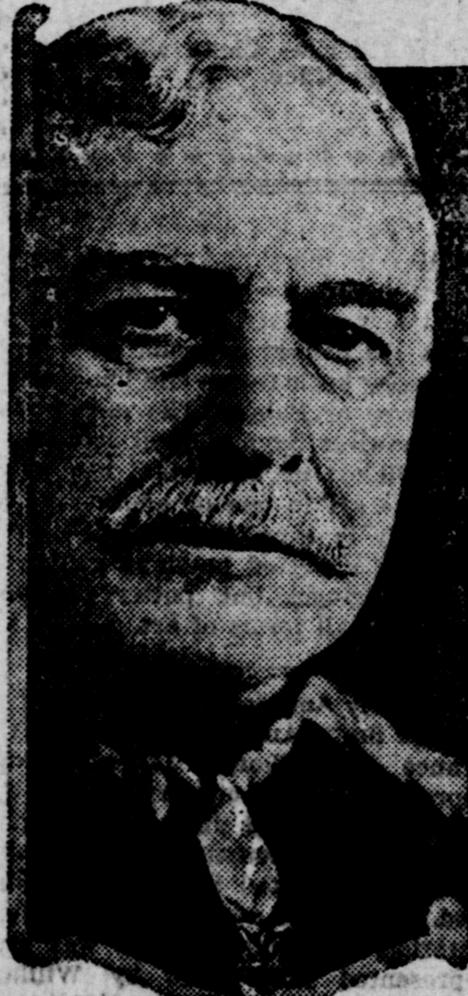
and arrived this afternoon to give further assistance.

A representative of the News visited the plant this morning and found the facts as given above. Some of the men had not had any sleep to speak of in three days and nights.

Delivery wagons were put back in service this morning and unless something else gives way the factory will run as per schedule.

No car of ice has been shipped from the factory since August 1.

MAJ. GEN. JAMES PARKER



Maj. Gen. James Parker has been transferred from command of the Thirty-second National Guard division and assigned to Camp Custer, where the Eighty-fifth National army division is in training. It is understood that General Parker will soon be selected for service in France.

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

We go our ways with blunted eyes
All bent on some far goal
While deep within us each there sighs
A timid, friendly soul.



WEATHER REPORT

The weather man keeps up the monotonous chant about fair weather tomorrow.

Your liberality in buying War Savings Stamps indicate that you are helping the boys "over there" on to Berlin.

A hoarder is a man who is more interested in getting his bite than in giving his bit.



Rather Distressing

but don't lose heart, as we feel absolutely sure, that with OUR IMPROVED CLEANING METHODS, we can REMOVE all traces of STAINS, even from the MOST DELICATE FABRIC.

Claude C. Hill

Practical Cleaner and Dyer
I Am As Near As Your Phone
With Drummond & Alderson
Phone 333

WANT ADS

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

LOST—Colored buckle off of brown slipper. Minnie Rogers. 8-19-18

FOR RENT—2 rooms for light housekeeping. 122 East 10th St. 8-19-18

FOR RENT—4 room modern brick house, screened back porch. Apply 320 West 13th. 8-19-18

WANTED—An experienced chamber maid, either white or colored.—Commercial Hotel. 8-19-18

FOR RENT—Light housekeeping rooms down-stairs. 211 West 16th. Mrs. M. M. Jackson. 8-19-18

FOR RENT—Two or three nicely furnished rooms; all modern. Call 321.—Mrs. Edward Rowland. 8-19-18

OIL PRICES WILL BE STABILIZED

(By the Associated Press)

Washington, August 19.—Plans for stabilization of petroleum prices, providing a maximum premium for various grades of oil in fields throughout the country, recommended by the National Petroleum War Service committee in New York last night, was accepted today by the fuel administration.

Why He Would Not Build. It is in a Jewish legend that Methuselah declined at the age of six hundred or so to go to the trouble of building a house because the Lord answered his question as to how much longer he had to live, and the patriarch decided that three hundred years was too short a time to warrant him in making the exertion. Undoubtedly Methuselah preferred his tent and was ready to grasp at any excuse for sticking to it.

Origin of "Algernon." The name Algernon was originally "als Geron," and was first applied to one of the crusading Percys. His name was William, but his fellow knights called him William als Geron or Geron, meaning William with the Whiskers, or just Whiskers for short.

As Algernon the name has persisted in the family to the present time, and the tenth duke of Northumberland, who died recently, was Algernon Percy.

Washington Flag Etiquette.

The United States flag always is hoisted over the senate or house of representatives when in session. The flag floats from the flagstaff of the White House while the president is in Washington, and its absence indicates the absence of the president from the capital. It is displayed over the department buildings in Washington from 9 o'clock a. m. to 4:30 p. m. every week day.

"gaff."

If your house looks so and so, it's because you are so and so. There is no way of separating yourself from the envelope of appurtenances that you've chosen to surround yourself with. Your "self" is simply the cluster of circumstances that you have called from the rich welter of the world to put into the make-up of your life—Exchange.

Budding Diplomat.

"Willie," said his mother, seeing him eating a piece of candy, "did I say you could have a piece of candy?" "Well," said Willie, "you didn't say that I couldn't."

Not Teetotal. Although lobsters generally drink water, they will take a nip if you give them the chance.—Boston Transcript.